Knowledge Sharing as a Key for Achieving the SDGs

The Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) are global framework to triumph an improved future and further sustainable for all. They address the world we face in three dimension including economic, social and environmental. The SDGs cover 17 issues related poverty, food security, social equality, environmental, health, peace and justice and others. The 17 goals area are all integrated and interconnected and they will required global action to achieve in 2030. Covid-19 pandemic, for example, which is now spreading almost over of the countries marking that all countries need hand in hand to tackle such pandemic that threaten an achievement of one of the 17 goals—health and well-being. As sustainable development then is not only responsible for a certain country, we should take the actions and contribute to adopt and implement the framework into policies through different approaches and roles.

National Development Planning Agency (Bappenas)—one of the leading sector to manage nationally SDGs in Indonesia—plays important roles ensuring SDGs will work well. Efforts have been made to integrate SDGs issues into both national and regional development plans. Disseminations, pilot projects and trainings have been done to support the implementation of SGGs. However, it is not clear whether there has been a knowledge management to document, display, share and discuss related to SDGs issue in more academic approaches.

To respond the gap, the Centre for Planners’ Development, Education and Training (CPDET) known as Pusbindiklatren Bappenas collaboration with Indonesia Development Planners Association (PPPI), initiated to publish the Journal of Indonesia Sustainable Development Planning (JISDeP). CPDET has a roles to develop capacity and competency of planners in central and regional government through degree and non-degree or training programs either in domestic and overseas. The degree programs include regular master, master linkage, and doctoral program. Under Ministry of Education’s regulations, all under and graduate students should publish paper as one of the requirement for graduation. CPDET also has a task to develop and facilitate non-structural planners or known as Fungsional Perencana. Therefore, JISDeP is aims at twofold: to contribute the development of SDGs policies and to facilitate planners as well as students receiving scholarship from CPDET.

JISDeP is three times a year journal, started since early of year 2020. It is expected that the journal is able to cover issues of sustainable development from around the world to later be used as policy material in sustainable development planning in Indonesia, developing countries, and the world in general. JISDeP therefore greatly invites students, professor, researchers, policy makers, planners and others professions to submit any issue related to SDGs both in the form of research papers, policy papers, project evaluation and reports, policy reviews, commentaries and book reviews.

In this first issue, there have been 13 papers submitted and only 8 papers have been accepted. The articles include research papers, policy papers or reviews and commentary. They cover and discuss...
various issues such as politics, economics, social, culture and environment. All accepted papers have been reviewed by high qualification reviewers in their fields ranging from professors, researchers, senior policy makers, and professional diversities both from domestic and overseas affiliation.

On behalf of the JISDeP journal, we wish to extend our warm welcome and would like to thank for all the editorial board members, peer reviewers, and authors, for their efforts, guidances, contributions, and valuable supports. Our gratitude also goes to all people involving in publishing this JSDeP such as secretariat team, information and technology members, production team, and financial supports.

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